

## Last Day Fun

Mind Games, Strategies \& Code-Breaking

| R |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{g} \text { rosee } \mathrm{i} \\ \mathrm{n} \end{gathered}$ | MEREPEAT | read |


| Arrest | M Meal M |
| :---: | :---: |
| You're | a a |



9S2A5F 4E1T8Y6

## THLTPS

## COVER -->

## stefrankin

history history history

1. Light as a feather, there is nothing in it; the strongest man cannot hold it for much more than a minute. What is it?
2. The more there is, the less you see
3. What kind of room has no windows or doors?
4. I look at you, you look at me. I raise my right, you raise your left. What is this object?
5. What can run but never walks, has a mouth but never talks, has a head but never weeps, has a bed but never sleeps?
6. I went into the woods and got it, I sat down to seek it, I brought it home with me because I couldn't find it.
7. No sooner spoken than broken. What is it?
8. Why don't lobsters share?
9. Take off my skin, I won't cry but you will. What am I?
10. You answer me, although I never ask you questions. What am I?

## The Baconian Cipher

© This was invented by Sir Francis Bacon
© It is a substitution cipher in which each letter is replaced by a sequence of 5 characters
© These characters are a sequence of A's and B's

## The Baconian Cipher

a: AAAAA h : AABBB 0: ABBBA v: BABAB b: AAAAB i: ABAAA p: ABBBB w: BABBA c: AAABA j: ABAAB q: BAAAA $x$ : BABBB d: AAABB k: ABABA r: BAAAB y: BBAAA e: AABAA 1: ABABB s: BAABA z: BBAAB
f: AABAB m: ABBAA t: BAABB g: AABBA n: ABBAB u: BABAA

## The Baconian Cipher

© Let's have a go:

AAABA-AAAAA-ABBAB BBAAA-ABBBA-BABAA ABABA-AABAA-AABAA-ABBBB AAAAA
BAABA-AABAA-AAABA-BAAAB-AABAA-BAABB?

## The Baconian Ciph

© Let's have a go:

CAN YOU KEEP A SECRET?
AAABA-AAAAA-ABBAB BBAAA-ABBBA-BABAA ABABA-AABAA-AABAA-ABBBB AAAAA BAABA-AABAA-AAABA-BAAAB-AABAA-BAABB?

## The Baconian Cipher

© Want to try another one?

BABBA-AABBB-BBAAA AAABB-ABAAA-AAABB<br>BAABB-AABBB-AABAA<br>ABBBB-ABAAA-AAABA-BAABB-BABAA-BAAAB-AABAA<br>AABBA-ABBBA BAABB-ABBBA<br>ABAAB-AAAAA-ABAAA-ABABB?

## The Baconian Cipher

© Want to try another one?

WHY DID THE PICTURE GO TO JAIL?<br>BABBA-AABBB-BBAAA AAABB-ABAAA-AAABB<br>BAABB-AABBB-AABAA<br>ABBBB-ABAAA-AAABA-BAABB-BABAA-BAAAB-AABAA<br>AABBA-ABBBA BAABB-ABBBA<br>ABAAB-AAAAA-ABAAA-ABABB?

## The Baconian Cipher

$\bigcirc$ Solve this to find the answer:

AAAAB-AABAA-AAABA-AAAAA-BABAA-BAABA-AABAA ABAAA-BAABB BABBA-AAAAA-BAABA<br>AABAB-BAAAB-AAAAA-ABBAA-AABAA-AAABB!

## The Baconian Cipher

$\odot$ Solve this to find the answer:

BECAUSE IT WAS FRAIMED!
AAAAB-AABAA-AAABA-AAAAA-BABAA-BAABA-AABAA ABAAA-BAABB BABBA-AAAAA-BAABA
AABAB-BAAAB-AAAAA-ABBAA-AABAA-AAABB!


## The Polybius Cipher

© This is essentially identical to the substitution cipher except that each plaintext character is encrypted as 2 ciphertext characters
© It can usually be detected if there are only 5 or 6 different characters in the ciphertext
© A Polybius Square is required to decrypt this cipher

## The Polybius Cipher

© Here is an example of a Polybius Square

|  | $A$ | $B$ | $C$ | $D$ | $E$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $A$ | p | h | q | g | m |
| $B$ | e | a | y | l | n |
| $C$ | o | f | d | x | k |
| $D$ | r | c | v | s | z |
| $E$ | w | b | u | t | i |

## The Polybius Cipher

© Ready to give this one a go?

CC-BA-CB-BA-BE-CC ED-AB-BA BA-BB-DD-ED EA-BB-BD-BD CA-CB ED-AB-BA DB-BB-DD-ED-BD-BA

## The Polybius Cipher

$\bigcirc$ Ready to give this one a go?


## The Polybius Cipher

© Time for another one:

EA-AB-BC BB-DA-BA CB-DA-CA-AD-DD DD-CA AB-BB-AA-AA-BC?

## The Polybius Cipher

© Time for another one:

WHY ARE FROGS SO HAPPY?
EAABBC BBDABA CBDACAADDD DDCA ABBBAAAABC?

## The Polybius Cipher

© If you want the answer you know what to do:

ED-AB-BA-BC BA-BB-ED EA-AB-BB-ED-BA-DC-BA-DA EB-EC-AD-DD ED-AB-BA-AE!

## The Polybius Ciphe

○ If you want the answer you know what to do

THEY EAT WHATEVER BUGS THEM!


EDABBABC BABBED EAABBBEDBADCBADA EBECADDD EDABBAAE!

## The Playfair Cipher

© This is a manual symmetric encryption technique and was the first literal diagram substitution cipher
© It was invented in 1854 by Charles Wheatstone but bears the name of Lord Playfair for promoting its use

- The technique encrypts pairs of letters

○ It is also known as the Wheatstone-Playfair Cipher
© We will use a Playfair Square to help us encrypt and decrypt messages

## The Playfair Cipher

| P | L | A | Y | F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | R | E | X | M |
| B | C | D | G | H |
| K | N | O | Q | S |
| T | U | V | W | Z |

## The Playfair Cipher

© Rules for decrypting are as follows:
OPair letters together
OIf the two letters are in the same row $\rightarrow$ shift each letter once to the left

OIf the two letters are in the same column $\rightarrow$ shift each letter up one
OIf the two letters are in different columns \& rows $\rightarrow$ create a rectangle using these two letters as two corner points, the other two corner points are your encrypted letters

## The Playfair Cipher

© Try decrypting this message:
MP AQL NLO'Z KYF KQIXZBRKQ CRBD, OQO'Z KYF OQZBRKD YV PAA

## The Playfair Cipher

○ Try decrypting this message:

MP AQL NLO'Z KYF KQIXZBRKQ CRBD, OQO'Z KYF OQZBRKD YV PAA
IF YOU CAN’T SAY SOMETHING NICE, DON'T SAY NOTHING AT ALL


